

Ohio Department of Health Authorization for Student Possession and Use of an Epinephrine Autoinjector

In accordance with ORC 3313.718/3313.141

A completed form must be provided to the school principal and/or nurse before the student may possess and use an epinephrine autoinjector to treat anaphylaxis in school.

Student name
Student address

This section must be completed and signed by the student's parent or guardian.

As the Parent/Guardian of this student, I authorize my child to possess and use an epinephrine autoinjector, as prescribed, at the school and any activity, event, or program sponsored by or in which the student's school is a participant. I understand that a school employee will immediately request assistance from an emergency medical service provider if this medication is administered. I will provide a backup dose of the medication to the school principal or nurse as required by law.

Parent /Guardian signature	Date
Parent/Guardian name	Parent/Guardian emergency telephone number ()

This section must be completed and signed by the medication prescriber.

Name and dosage of medication	
Date medication administration begins	Date medication administration ends (if known)
Circumstances for use of the epinephrine autoinjector	
Procedures for school employees if the student is unable to administer the medication or if it does not produce the expected relief	

Possible severe adverse reactions:

To the student for which it is prescribed (that should be reported to the prescriber)
To a student for which it is not prescribed who receives a dose

Special instructions

As the prescriber, I have determined that this student is capable of possessing and using this autoinjector appropriately and have provided the student with training in the proper use of the autoinjector.

Prescriber signature	Date
Prescriber name	Prescriber emergency telephone number ()

3313.718 Possession and use of epinephrine autoinjector to treat anaphylaxis.

(A) As used in this section, "prescriber" has the same meaning as in section 4729.01 of the Revised Code.

(B) Notwithstanding section 3313.713 of the Revised Code or any policy adopted under that section, a student of a school operated by a city, local, exempted village, or joint vocational school district or a student of a chartered nonpublic school may possess and use an epinephrine autoinjector to treat anaphylaxis, if all of the following conditions are satisfied:

(1) The student has the written approval of the prescriber of the autoinjector and, if the student is a minor, the written approval of the parent, guardian, or other person having care or charge of the student. The prescriber's written approval shall include at least all of the following information:

- (a) The student's name and address;
- (b) The names and dose of the medication contained in the autoinjector;
- (c) The date the administration of the medication is to begin;
- (d) The date, if known, that the administration of the medication is to cease;
- (e) Acknowledgment that the prescriber has determined that the student is capable of possessing and using the autoinjector appropriately and has provided the student with training in the proper use of the autoinjector;
- (f) Circumstances in which the autoinjector should be used;
- (g) Written instructions that outline procedures school employees should follow in the event that the student is unable to administer the anaphylaxis medication or the medication does not produce the expected relief from the student's anaphylaxis;
- (h) Any severe adverse reactions that may occur to the child using the autoinjector that should be reported to the prescriber;
- (i) Any severe adverse reactions that may occur to another child, for whom the autoinjector is not prescribed, should such a child receive a dose of the medication;
- (j) At least one emergency telephone number for contacting the prescriber in an emergency;
- (k) At least one emergency telephone number for contacting the parent, guardian, or other person having care or charge of the student in an emergency;
- (l) Any other special instructions from the prescriber.

(2) The school principal and, if a school nurse is assigned to the student's school building, the school nurse has received copies of the written approvals required by division (B)(1) of this section.

(3) The school principal or, if a school nurse is assigned to the student's school building, the school nurse has received a backup dose of the anaphylaxis medication from the parent, guardian, or other person having care or charge of the student or, if the student is not a minor, from the student. If these

conditions are satisfied, the student may possess and use the autoinjector at school or at any activity, event, or program sponsored by or in which the student's school is a participant.

(C) Whenever a student uses an autoinjector at school or at any activity, event, or program sponsored by or in which the student's school is a participant or whenever a school employee administers anaphylaxis medication to a student at such times, a school employee shall immediately request assistance from an emergency medical service provider.

(D)(1) A school district, member of a school district board of education, or school district employee is not liable in damages in a civil action for injury, death, or loss to person or property allegedly arising from a district employee's prohibiting a student from using an autoinjector because of the employee's good faith belief that the conditions of division (B) of this section had not been satisfied. A school district, member of a school district board of education, or school district employee is not liable in damages in a civil action for injury, death, or loss to person or property allegedly arising from a district employee's permitting a student to use an autoinjector because of the employee's good faith belief that the conditions of division (B) of this section had been satisfied. Furthermore, when a school district is required by this section to permit a student to possess and use an autoinjector because the conditions of division (B) of this section have been satisfied, the school district, any member of the school district board of education, or any school district employee is not liable in damages in a civil action for injury, death, or loss to person or property allegedly arising from the use of the autoinjector by a student for whom it was not prescribed. This section does not eliminate, limit, or reduce any other immunity or defense that a school district, member of a school district board of education, or school district employee may be entitled to under Chapter 2744. or any other provision of the Revised Code or under the common law of this state.

(2) A chartered nonpublic school or any officer, director, or employee of the school is not liable in damages in a civil action for injury, death, or loss to person or property allegedly arising from a school employee's prohibiting a student from using an autoinjector because of the employee's good faith belief that the conditions of division (B) of this section had not been satisfied. A chartered nonpublic school or any officer, director, or employee of the school is not liable in damages in a civil action for injury, death, or loss to person or property allegedly arising from a school employee's permitting a student to use an autoinjector because of the employee's good faith belief that the conditions of division (B) of this section had been satisfied. Furthermore, when a chartered nonpublic school is required by this section to permit a student to possess and use an autoinjector because the conditions of division (B) of this section have been satisfied, the chartered nonpublic school or any officer, director, or employee of the school is not liable in damages in a civil action for injury, death, or loss to person or property allegedly arising from the use of the autoinjector by a student for whom it was not prescribed.

Effective Date: 03-23-2007